FS-00072

Created Date: 4/04/2019.

Section 1: Identification

Product Name:

SUNCREME - HIGH LIFT BALAYAGE DEVELOPER 50 VOL 15%

Product Category: Hair treatment

Sunlights Balayage, Inc. 3330 Piedmont Road, Ste 10

Atlanta, GA 30305

Telephone: 1-(678)-515-8153

Emergency Telephone: Infotrac: 1-(800)-535-5053 | International: 001-352-323-3500

Section 2: Hazard Identification





Danger

Skin Irritant Category 1
Serious Eye Damage Category 1
Specific Target Organ Toxicity Category 3

Specific Target Organ Toxicity Category 3 (Single Exposure)

GHS Precaution Phrases: H318: Causes serious eye damage

H314: Causes severe burn and eye damage H335: May cause respiratory irritation

GHS Precautionary statements: P102: Keep out of reach of children

P201: Obtain special instructions before use.

P202: Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and

understood.

P233: Keep container tightly closed P260: Do not breathe fumes/vapors P264: Wash thoroughly after handling

P271: Use only outdoors or in a well ventilated area

P280: Wear protective gear. Face and eye protection, gloves and

protective clothing.

GHS Response Phrases: P301+330: If swallowed: Rinse mouth, do not induce vomiting

P303+351+361+363: If on skin or hair: Rinse skin with water or shower, take off immediately all contaminated clothing, wash

contaminated clothing before use

P304+340: If inhaled: Remove person to fresh air and keep

comfortable for breathing

P305+310+351+338: If in eyes: Immediately call a poison

center/doctor, rinse cautiously with water for several minutes, remove

contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing

GHS Storage and Disposal

Phrases:

P405+403+235: Store locked up in a well ventilated space. Keep cool.

P501: Dispose of contents/container to ... [... in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulation (**to be specified**)]

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Section 3: Composition/Information on Ingredients

INCI Name	Synonyms	CAS NUMBER	Conc. (%)
Aqua	Water	7732-18-5	70-100
Hydrogen Peroxide	-	7722-84-1	12
Cetyl Alcohol	-	36653-82-4	3-10
Cetearyl Alcohol	-	67762-27-0	1-3
Ceteareth-20	-	68439-49-6	1-3
Diethylenetriamine Pentamethylene Phosphonic Acid	-	15827-60-8	0.3-1
Paraffinum Liquidum	-	8042-47-5	0.3-1
Aloe Barbadensis Leaf Juice	-	85507-69-3/ 94349-62-9	0.1-0.3
Phosphoric Acid	-	7664-38-2	0.1-0.3
Acrylamide/Sodium Acrylate Copolymer	-	25085-02-3	<0.1
Trideceth-6	-	24968-91-8	<0.1

Note: Some Specific chemical Identities and/or exact percentage (Concentrations) have been withheld as a trade secret.

Section 4: First-Aid Measures

See Section 2

Emergency and First Aid Procedures

- **1- Skin:** Discontinue use of product. Apply cold compresses to affected areas to relieve any discomfort. If discomfort persists, you should contact a physician.
- **2 Eyes:** Immediately flush with clean, lukewarm water (low pressure) occasionally lifting eyelids. Seek medical attention if irritation develops.
- **3 Inhalation:** If respiratory irritation occurs, remove individual to fresh air. If person not breathing, contact emergency medical services, then give artificial respiration, preferably mouth to mouth if possible.
- **4 Ingestion:** Accidental ingestion of product may necessitate medical attention. In case of accidental ingestion dilute with fluids (milk or water). Do not induce vomiting. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed.

Hydrogen Peroxide irritates respiratory system and, if inhaled, may cause inflammation and pulmonary edema. The effects may not be immediate. Overexposure symptoms are coughing, giddiness and sore throat. In case of accidental ingestion, necrosis may result from mucous membrane burns (mouth, esophagus and stomach). Oxygen rapid release may cause stomach swelling and hemorrhaging, which may product major, or even fatal, injury to organs if a large amount has been ingested.

In case of skin contact, may cause burns, erythema, blisters or even necrosis.

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Section 5: Fire-Fighting Measures

Extinguishing Media: Water, do not use any other media.

Fire Fighting Procedures: Contact emergency personnel. Use self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective gear, if large quantities of product are involved. Water runoff can cause environmental damage, dike and collet water used for fire fight.

Unusual Fire Fighting Procedures: Do not use straight streams of water.

Section 6: Accidental Release Measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures:

Do not inhale vapors, mist or gas. Ensure adequate ventilation. Remove all sources of ignition. Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Vapors can accumulate in low areas.

Environmental precautions:

Do not flush into surface water or sanitary sewer system. Do not allow material to contaminate ground water system. Prevent product from entering drains.

Methods for cleaning up: Eliminate all sources of ignition. A vapor suppressing foam may be used to reduce vapors. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Contain spillage, and then collect with non-combustible absorbent material, (e.g. sand, earth, diatomaceous earth, vermiculite) and place in container for disposal according to local / national regulations. Use clean non-sparking tools.

Section 7: Handling and Storage

Do not get on skin or in eyes. Do not inhale vapor or mist. Keep away from sources of ignition - No smoking. Open and handle container with care. Wash thoroughly after handling. Remove contaminated clothing and wash before reuse. Use only in a well-ventilated area. Empty containers retain product residue, (liquid and/or vapor), and can be dangerous.

Storage:

Keep container tightly closed in a cool, dry and well-ventilated place. Containers which are opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Consult local fire codes for additional storage information

Other Precautions: Avoid bacterial contamination. Keep containers tightly closed when not in use.

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Section 8: Exposure Controls/Personal Protection

OSHA Permissible Exposure Limits

Chemical Name	OSHA PEL	ACGIH TLV (TWA)
Hydrogen Peroxide (7722-84-1)	1 ppm	1 ppm

The TWA exposure value is the average airborne concentration of a particular substance when calculated over a normal 8 hour working day for a 5 day working week. The STEL (Short Term Exposure Limit) is an exposure value that may be equaled (but should not be exceeded) for no longer than 15 minutes and should not be repeated more than 4 times per day. There should be at least 60 minutes between successive exposures at the STEL. The term "peak" is used when the TWA limit, because of the rapid action of the substance, should never be exceeded, even briefly.

Respiratory Protection: Avoid inhaling fumes **Skin Protection:** Resistant Plastic or rubber gloves

Eve Protection: Safety glasses or goggles.

Section 9: Exposure Controls/Personal Protection

Appearance: Liquid Cream **Upper/lower flammability:** N/A

Odor: Characteristic

Color: White

Vapor pressure: N/A Odor threshold: N/A Vapor density: N/A pH: 2.3 to 3.0

Density (g/cm³): 0.900 to 1.100 Specific Gravity: 0.900 to 1.100 Melting point/freezing point: N/A

Solubility: Soluble in water

Initial boiling point and boiling range: >35 °C

Flash point: >115 °C Evaporation rate: N/A Flammability: N/A

Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water): N/A

Auto-ignition temperature: N/A Decomposition temperature: N/A Viscosity (cPs): 1,500 to 3,000

Note: Some of data above is not shown either because it is not relevant and/or readily available.

Section 10: Stability and Reactivity

Stability: Stable under normal conditions

Conditions to avoid: Direct Heat

Incompatibility (Materials to avoid): None Hazardous Polymerization: Does not occur Hazardous Decomposition Products: Unknown

Section 11: Toxicological Information

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NO INFORMATION

Section 12: Ecological Information

No ecological hazards have been tested to be associated with this product.

Section 13: Disposal Considerations

Do not contaminate food or feed by storage or disposal. Do not reuse empty container. Wrap empty container and throw in trash collection. Dispose of according to federal, state, and local regulations regarding health, air, and water pollution.

Section 14: Transport Information

DOT

UN/ID no 2014

Proper Shipping Name HYDROGEN PEROXIDE, AQUEOUS SOLUTION

Hazard class 5.1 Subsidiary class 8 Packing Group II

TDG

UN/ID no UN 2014

Proper Shipping Name HYDROGEN PEROXIDE, AQUEOUS SOLUTION

Hazard class 5.1 Subsidiary class 8 Packing Group II

ICAO/IATA Air regulation permit shipment of Hydrogen Peroxide (<=40%) in non-vented containers for

Air Cargo Only aircraft, as well as for Passenger and Cargo aircraft. HOWEVER, all PeroxyChem Hydrogen Peroxide containers are vented and therefore, air shipments of PeroxyChem H2O2 are not permitted. IATA air regulations state that venting of packages

containing oxidizing substances is not permitted for air transport.

IMDG/IMO

UN/ID no UN 2014

Proper Shipping Name HYDROGEN PEROXIDE, AQUEOUS SOLUTION

Hazard class 5.1 Subsidiary Hazard Class 8 Packing Group II

OTHER INFORMATION Protect from physical damage. Keep drums in upright position. Drums should not be

stacked in transit. Do not store drums on wooden pallets.

Section 15: Regulatory Information

No Information

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Section 16: Other Information

believes that the information contained in this M.S.D.S is correct as of this date. However, because the material may be used under conditions which has no control of or in ways we cannot anticipate, we give no warranty, expressed or implied, as to accuracy of the information and assume no responsibility for any damage to person, property or business arising from such use. Moreover, it is the responsibility of the purchaser or user of this material to ensure that is properly and safely used.

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